CURRICULUM MEDIA PRODUCTION (I & II)

GRADE IX-X 2020



GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN Ministry Of Federal Education and Professional Training ISLAMABAD

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Introduction

Media production means a single-medium or multimedia feature film, television show or series, video, commercial, photographic project, interactive computer or video game or other program intended for a national audience and fixed on film, video tape, computer disk, laser disc or other delivery medium that can be viewed or reproduced and that is exhibited in theaters or by individual television stations or groups of stations, television networks or cable television stations or via other means or licensed for home viewing or use.

We live in a world dominated by various kinds of media. Every day, people engage with and consume information from many different mediums using various devices, sometimes at the same time. For instance, they may listen to a podcast or the radio while checking social media on their phone or watch TV while looking for recipes on their tablet. Media actually refers to any kind of communication whose purpose is to inform, educate or entertain a wide audience. It can be anything from web content to social media to TV, video and radio content.

The media trends are always changing and evolving, but one thing is certain: The role of media in people's everyday lives and its impact on our personal, social and political circumstances is enormous. A huge protest march can be organized through social media within days. A homemade video can go viral and spark a worldwide debate or simply amusement. A well-crafted ad or promotional website will convert a skeptic into a faithful customer of a brand. Students undertaking a career in media production will learn to understand the development and impact of various media trends, as well as produce different kinds of content and manage various media industries. Students pursuing a career in media production can choose from several streams.

Rationale

Media consumption and creation is essential to modern communication. Media, in its evolving forms, influences and shapes the way people view themselves and others and plays a crucial role in the creation of personal, social, cultural and global identity. This production-based course is designed for learners who wish to develop technical media skills and an understanding of the contexts of journalism, advertising and narrative within media. Learners explore the media and media conventions through practical experiences and formal analysis of the media products of themselves and others. Creative and critical thinking skills are a significant component of the course. Learners work within learning environments that simulate a professional setting in order to develop products in a specific medium. Through acquisition of technical and analytical skills learners will develop the ability to appreciate the operational functions and social implications of their medium of specialization.

Aims

- Use media techniques and technologies in order to create their own media products
- Implement aspects of design and design processes relevant to media works
- Manage media activities by applying appropriate time management, planning and negotiation skills
- Use and identify appropriate production elements and narrative structures in the creation of media products
- Analyze and respond to media issues and the role of media in society
- use media codes and conventions when making and responding to media works
- Identify target audiences for specific media products.

Objectives

- Students will be prepared to enter the workforce in desktop publishing, print production and/or multimedia production.
- Students will demonstrate proficiency in industry technical standards.
- Students will be able to identify and describe specific design career options and job skill requirements.
- Students will demonstrate proficiency in industry-standard safety procedures.
- Students will demonstrate proficiency in customer service skills and interaction with stakeholders in their roles with marketing, sales, advertising, reporting and production.

Grade-IX

	Learning Themes and Students' Learning Outcomes Knowledge, Skills and Attitude Chapter 01						
Content	Introduction to Media Production T= 08, P= 11, Total=26						
Basic concepts of media production	 The students will be able to: Define Media Describe media production Learn about role of media production in society Describe different platform for media production Describe different software applications of media production 	Group discussion on role of media production in society Quote examples from real life scenario	02 Periods(T) 01 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab		

History & Evolution of Media Production	Understand about history electronic media (radio, TV channels, social media etc.) Know about transformation of print media	Presentation about evolution of media production	01 Periods(T) 01 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab
Scope of media production	Learn about career opportunities in different industries Learn about jobs roles for media production Know about collaboration of media production with other industries (education, textile, fashion etc.)	enlist job opportunities in different industry	01 Periods(T) 01 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab
		Chapter 02			
		Safety and Environmen	nt		
Content	Students' Learning Outcome	6, P=10, Total= 16 Activities/Practical	Duration	Tools	Work
Introduction to health, safety and environment	The students will be able to: define health safety & environment know basic principles of safety understand standard operating procedure regrading health and safety observe the basic rules of health & safety in workplace environment	Discuss the standard operating procedures (SOP's) regarding basic safety (personal hygiene and vaccination, first aid treatment, allergy test, age limit policies, environmental hygiene etc.)	01 Periods(T) 01 Periods(P)	PPE Kits	classr oom/ Lab
Basics of safety	understand the types of hazards and preventive measures adopt basic certification of safety learn awareness on physically transmitted diseases learn sanitization process for office safety know-about ventilation and illumination	Presentations on types of hazards and preventive measures Maintain checklist for basic facilities and services of safety	02 Periods(T) 02 Periods(P)	PPE Kit Sterilization tools and equipment	Classr oom/ Lab
Personal safety	know-about the importance of personal hygiene learn the importance of personal protective equipment (PPE) Know about use of personal protective equipment (PPE)	Perform the use of PPE kits (Gloves, Uniforms, Shoes, Hair net, beard net, masks etc.)	01 Periods(T) 01 Periods(P)	PPE Kits. sterilization oven Hair & Beard Nets Tools and equipment	Classr oom/ Lab
Fire hazards	know about fire triangle identify types of fires and fire extinguishers learn correct evacuation/emergency procedures identify and report hazards to concerned	Demonstrate use of Fire Extinguishers and Fire Safety Equipment. Perform correct evacuation procedures. Demonstrate various incidents reporting through role play.	02 Periods(T) 02 Periods(P)	PPE Kit & Safety and Hazard Signs. Dry Powder Water Based and Foam Fire Extinguishers Water buckets & Sand	Lab
		Chapter 03			
	T_ 1	Photography 0, P= 18, Total= 28			
Content	Students' Learning Outcome	Activities/Practical	Duration	Tools	Work place
Introduction to photography	The students will be able to: Define photography Know purpose of photography	Group presentation on techniques of photography	01 Periods(T) 04 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab

	Describe different techniques of photography				
Camera handling techniques for photography	Understand components of camera (lens, light, chassis, battery, tripod, memory card, shutter, LCD screen, image sensor) Know about hand held shooting process Learn about tripod shots	Demonstration on components of camera Perform assembling of camera	01 Periods(T) 04 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab
Camera operations for photography	Know about adjustment of focus Learn about exposure of camera Know about density of camera Learn about shutter speed of camera Learn about white balance and ISO for image stabilization Learn about indoor and outdoor shooting	Capture image(portrait and landscape) of indoor by using different setting of camera Capture image(portrait and landscape) of outdoor by using different setting of camera	02 Periods(T) 04 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab
		Chapter 04			
	T= 1	Videography 0, P= 18, Total= 28			
Content	Students' Learning Outcome	Activities/Practical	Duration	Tools	Wo rkpl ace
Introduction to videography	Learn about concept of videography Identify purpose of videography Know about videos formats Describe different techniques of videography	Group presentation on techniques of videography	01 Periods(T) 04 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab
Camera handling techniques for videography	Understand components of camera (lens, light, chassis, battery, tripod, memory card, shutter, LCD screen, image sensor, quadcopter drone) Know about hand held shooting process Learn about tripod shots	Demonstration on components of camera Perform assembling of camera	01 Periods(T) 04 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab
Lightning Techniques	Understand different types of lightning system Learn about location selection for recording Understand about studio lights (foreground, mid, background, lightening grid, dimmers, reflectors and special effects. Learn about warm and cool lights equipment Understand about intensity of light	Set light for a single object by using natural environment Set light for multiple objects Use light beam to create/eliminate a shadow Set studio lights by using dimmers and reflectors	02 Periods(T) 05 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab
Camera operations for videography	Know about adjustment of focus Learn about exposure of camera Know about density of camera Learn about shutter speed of camera Learn about white balance and ISO for image stabilization Learn about indoor and outdoor video shooting	Record indoor by using different setting of camera Record outdoor by using different setting of camera	02 Periods(T) 04 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab

Chapter 05 **Script Writing** T = 12, P = 20, Total = 32**Content** Students' Learning **Activities/Practical** Duration **Tools** Wo Outcome rkpl ace Student will learn about: 02 Periods(T) Lab Computer and Introduction Discuss basic structure Script Writing Define script writing 04 Periods(P) its accessories of script writing purpose of script writing know basic structure of script writing(beginning/setup, middle/conflict and end/resolution) Steps of script Generating different ideas Prepare a template for 02 Periods(T) Computer and Lab writing 04 Periods(P) about script writing script writing its accessories Demonstrate story telling Develop plot of story(dialogue, scenes and formatting Know about working on story board Script writing Learn about scripts for TV Write scripts for short 02 Periods(T) Computer and Lab applications moral story of any 04 Periods(P) commercials its accessories Know techniques of scripts for given scenario Write script for radio reporting Comprehend structure of script commercial Write script for for documentaries celebrity interview Chapter 06 Adobe After Effects(Basics)s-I T = 08, P = 16, Total = 24Content **Students Learning Outcome** Activities/Practical **Duration Tools** Work place Introduction of The student will be able to: 02 Periods(T) Computer and Lab Install Adobe AE 04 Periods(P) Adobe After Define adobe after effects software its accessories, Effects adobe Discuss file Describe purpose of Adobe software After Effect extension for adobe Know about installation step for after effects adobe software Learn about source material (audio, video, still image etc.) Understand about concept of file extension 01 Periods(T) Fundamentals of Use motion graphics Computer and Lab Discuss about 04 Periods(P) Motion Graphics Know the attributes of motion attributes of motion its accessories, adobe graphics. graphics software RGB Color Model Frame Size Resolution Pixel Aspect Ratio Alpha Channels Frame Rate Time Code Interpreting Footage Project Setup Start working in After Effects Create a project and 01 Periods(T) Computer and Lab 04 Periods(P) its accessories OverCreate a new project customize workspace Create a project by Customize workspaces using attributes of Set a project by using attributes motion graphics of motion graphics Add a composition and arrange 02 Periods(T) Shapes · apestypes of shapes Computer and Lab Create Animation

project based on

04 Periods(P)

its accessories

· Create custom shapes

	interpolation Temporal and spatial) Learn about roving Learn about animation preset				
	and illustrator files Apply composition as per requirements Apply effects to a layer Change parameters as per requirement Create key frames(auto, continuous, and bezier				
Basic Animations Using Effects and Presets	 The wiggler Auto orient Splitting a layer Adjustment layers The effects and presets pane Import video clips Import stills Import a sequence of stills Import multilayered photoshop 	Create animation vide composition using lay		Computer and its accessories	Lab
Effects	Record animation Comprehend working of the followingTime remapping Motion sketch The smoother	Apply Different effects to videos	02 Periods(T) 04 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab
Puppet Tools	Animate text using a path animation preset Describe Puppet tool Understanding Deform pins Defining areas of overlap Understand Stiffening an area Animate pin positions	Apply puppet tool different character and record an animation.		Computer and its accessories	Lab
Text Animation	Understand mask interpolation Learn about text animation Create and format point text vs paragraph text Use text animation preset Learn text animation on path Animate imported Photoshop text Animate text using a path	Create Apply text animation on student's name. Create Apply text animation on paragraph.	04 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab
Masking	About Learn about masks Create a mask with the Pen tool Edit mask as per requirement Learn about Feathering the edges of a mask Learn to replace the content of the mask	Use mask on video per requirement. •	0 as 01 Periods(T) 04 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab
	Know about default properties of shape layers Add/edit properties Create shape groups	different shapesgroups			

3D Features	Student will be able to Understand 3D concepts Elaborate the difference between 2D and 3D Know the role of Cameras, lights, and points of interest Know the effect of Repositioning the layers Rotate a 3D object Learn about Axis modes 3D layer interactions, render order, and collapsed transformations Work with Shadows, Null Object, Text in 3D, Use Vanishing Point VPE and add dimension to stills View, build, and render 3D scenes / text using cinema 4d (cane ware)	Perform the 3D operations on an image and text Perform 3d vanishing point operations on selected image Render 3D scenes using cinema 4D lite Perform animation on objects, lights, point of interest, and auto orient.	02 Periods(T) 04 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multi media,comp uter system/lapto p	Classroom /Lab
Effects	 Use Particles for compound objects Apply paint effects (Stroke, Scribble, Write-on, Paint) Adjust color balance Replace the background 	 Performa particles on image as per requirement Apply color correction on images 	02 Periods(T) 04 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multi media,comp uter system/lapto p	Classroom /Lab
Tracking/Stabilizi ng	 Understand tracking and stabilizing Track Motion 	Apply tracking and stabilizing on objects.	02 Periods(T) 04 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multi media,comp uter system/lapto p	Classroom /Lab
Expressions	 Know about Expressions Knowledge of using expressions to animate shapes Adjust the expression direction, parameters, rate of change and loops Explore new expressions 	Preform expressions on image/ video	02 Periods(T) 04 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multi media,comp uter system/lapto p	Classroom /Lab
Keying	 Understand function of Keying Change the background and adjust foreground object Render and export the project. 	Apply keying on video Perform 3d animation on cartoon/ animal character Apply rain effect in a desert scene	02 Periods(T) 04 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multi media,comp uter system/lapto p	Classroom /Lab

Content	Students' Learning Outcome	Activities/Practical	Duration	Tools	Work place
Introduction to media production management	 The students will be able to: Define Media Define management Describe media production management Learn techniques of media management 	•	01 Periods(T) 02 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multime dia,computer system/laptop	Classr oom/ Lab
Human Resource management	 Determine strategies for delivery of human resource services Manage the delivery of human resource services Evaluate human resource service delivery Manage integration of business ethics in human resource practices 	Discuss human resource management concept.	02 Periods(T) 02 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multime dia,computer system/laptop	Classr oom/ Lab
Customer services and sales	 Identify prospects for sales Learn about to pitch services to client Negotiate deal with client Close the sales opportunity Maintain Customer Database Provide customer services 	Maintain feedback record Maintain record of regular client	02 Periods(T) 02 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multime dia,computer system/laptop	Classr oom/ Lab
Revenue and expense management	 Develop a personal budget Develop long term personal budget Identify ways to maximize future finances 	Perform filling the record book of expenses and revenue	02 Periods(T) 02 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multime dia,computer system/laptop	Classr oom/ Lab
Project Managemen t	•	•	02 Periods(T) 02 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multime dia,computer system/laptop	Classr oom/ Lab

Grade-X

	Learning Themes and Students' Learning Outcomes Knowledge, Skills and Attitudes Chapter 01 Adobe Audition(Audition Mixing) T= 05, P= 08, Total= 13						
Content	Students' Learning Outcome	Activities/Practical	Duration	Tools	Work place		
Introduction to Adobe Audition	Student will be able to: Describe adobe audition Install and set the workspace Learn about adobe audition interface Understand testing of inputs and outputs with Audition	Presentation on Adobe Audition interface. Setup inputs and outputs	01 Periods(T) 02 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multime dia,computer system/laptop	Classr oom/ Lab		
Basic Editing	Learn about Import file in adobe audition. Learn about selection of region for editing and change its levels Understand the process of cut, delete, and past audio regions with multiple clipboard Learn about extending and shortening musical selections Describe the concept of loop (repeating part of a waveform)	Import sound form different sources. Edit a file by using all basic editing techniques (cut, extend, shorten, loop etc.)	02 Period (T) 02 Period (P)	Stationary items	Classr oom/ Lab		

	Comprehend fading regions to reduce artifacts				
Effects in Adobe Audition	Learn Aboutsound effectsbasics Learn use of Effects Rack Describe Effects (Amplitude, Compression, Delay and echo effects, Filter and Equalizer, Modulation effects, Noise reduction/restoration, Reverb effects, Special effects, Stereo imagery effects, Time and Pitch effect, Third-party effects (VST and AU)) Managing presets	Apply different effects to audio clips. Improve sound quality of audio by applying relevant effects.	02 Periods(T) 03 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab
Audio Restoration	Learn use of About audio restoration Reducing hiss, crackles, pops, and clicks, broadband noise Learn about De-humming a file Removing artifacts, Alternate click removal	Improve audio clip by audio restoration as per requirement	01 Periods(T) 03 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab
Mastering	LearnMastering sound equalization dynamics ambience stereo imaging "push" the drum hits; then apply the changes Mastering diagnostics	Perform Mastering techniques on audio clips	01 Periods(T) 02 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab
Sound Design	Learn aboutsound design rain sounds babbling brook insects at night an alien choirs sci-fi machine effects alien drone flyby Extracting frequency bands	Create different sound designs	01 Periods(T) 03 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab
Multitrack Editor	Learn about recording, using waveform Editor. About multitrack production Multitrack and Waveform Editor integration Changing track colors Loop selections for playback Track controls Channel mapping in the Multitrack Editor Side-chaining effects Save as template	Record audio using different editor. Produce multitrack audio Design track controls	02 Periods(T) 03 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab
Editing Clips	Creating a DJ-style continuous music mix (mixtape) with crossfading Mix or export a collection of clips as a single file Select and merge all clips in a track into a single file Edit for length Clip edits: Split, Trim, Volume Extend a clip via looping	Apply all editing techniques on different sound clips	02 Periods(T) 04 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab
Sound Libraries	Know about sound libraries Build a rhythm track using percussion, melodic elements, loops and other effects	Use sound libraries and create tracks	01 Periods(T) 04 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab
Mixing	 Learn about mixing and its process Learn Testing your acoustics 	Produce stereo output fileBurn audio CD/DVD	01 Periods(T) 04 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab

Learn about Exporting as stereo Learn about burning an audio CD/ DVD album Learn about Publishing to	Publish to different platforms.		
SoundCloud			

	L.A	Chapter 02 obe Premier Pro					
T= 05, P= 14, Total=19							
Introduction to Adobe Premier Pro	Student will be able to: Define and use Adobe Premier Pro Install and set the workspace Understand nonlinear editing Understand the workflow	Presentation on Adobe Premiere Pro interface	01 Periods(T) 02 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab		
Project Setup	Set up a New project Know about Importing assets Work with the Media Browser Importing images Understand media cache Capturing the videotape	Import media from different sources	01 Periods(T) 02 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab		
Organizing timeline	dWorking with bins Organize media content in sequence Learn to Modifying content	Organize media in bins	01 Periods(T) 03 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab		
Working with Clips and Markers	Program Monitor controls Controlling resolution Using markers Use of Sync Lock and Track Lock Find gaps in the Timeline Learn to Move clips Extract and delete segments	 Create project using monitoring controls Use sync locks Move and delete clips 	02 Periods(T) 03 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab		
Transitions & Effects	Understand Transitions Edit points and handles Adding video transitions Use A/B mode to fine-tune a transition Adding audio transitions Working with effects Use of composition techniques in your projects Video typography essentials	Apply visual / audio transitions and effects to project	02 Periods(T) 03 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab		
Advanced Editing Techniques	Four-point editing Learn Re-timing, replacing clips and footage. Use of nesting sequences Comprehend trimming	Edit and trim clips as per requirement	02 Periods(T) 04 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab		
Multi-camera Editing	The multi-camera process Create a multi-camera sequence Understand Switching multiple cameras	Edit video using Multi-camera effects	02 Periods(T) 03 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab		
Editing and Mixing Audio	Setting up the interface to work with audio Examining audio characteristics	Setup application interface for audio auditing	02 Periods(T) 03 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories	Lab		

Color Correction and Gradient Exporting	Normalizing audio Create a split edit Adjust audio levels in a sequence Work with Audio Mixer Adjusting EQ Applying effects in the Audio Mixer Clean noisy audio Color-oriented workflow Learn about color-oriented effects ing exposure, color balance and gradient	 Apply different audio settings e.g. volume, gain, levels Use audio mixture in given project. Use Equalizer (EQ) Remove noise 	02 Periods(T) 03 Periods(P)	Computer and its accessories Computer and	
Frames, Clips, and Sequences	 Overview of export options Export single frames Export a master copy Work with Adobe Media Encoder 	 Export video product for publishing 	03 Periods(P)	its accessories	Lau
		Chapter 03			
	Media F	Production Field Work			
Radio programs	The students will be able to: Define radio Describe history of radio in Pakistan Understand use of audio recording equipment(microphone, storage media and digital audio equipment) Know about broadcasting(advertisement,ne ws.journalism, talk shows) techniques Learn the different between print and broadcast Develop skills techniques and art of radio news through sound and spoken words	Demonstration a role play of broadcasting a radio commercial Demonstration a role play of broadcasting a celebrity interview	02 Periods(T) 03 Periods(P)	items,multim edia,compute r system/lapto p	Lab
News channels	 Define news Describe history of news in Pakistan Understand types of news Understand interview techniques Understand script, narrations, story boards and shooting script Develop techniques and art of news through sound and spoken words Understand process of reporting 	Conduct news for any incident Conduct a panel discussion on any topic	02 Periods(T) 03 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multim edia,compute r system/lapto p	Lab

TV channels	 Describe types of TV channels(religious, sports, entertainment, news, cartoon and educational) Understand role of production houses for different channels Learn about advertisement creation for TV channel 	Make ad for brand/product promotion	02 Periods(T) 05 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multim edia,compute r system/lapto p	Lab
Documentary	Describe effects of documentary Identify idea and location for documentary Perform all media tools to create a documentary	Make a short documentary on skills development	02 Periods(T) 03 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multim edia,compute r system/lapto p	Lab
		Chapter 04 Social Media Content			
Content	T = 13 Students' Learning Outcome	2, P = 16,Total = 24 Activities/Practical	Duration	Tools	Workplace
Introduction to Social Media	Student will be able to: Define Social Media Understand to create social media content Define media content (images, audio, video and graphics etc.)	Group discussion and presentation on social media Create content to publish on social media channels	01 Periods(T) 02 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multim edia,compute r system/lapto p	Lab
Content Production	 Know how to create epic content Describe tools/software for content creation Define audience and targeted audience relevant content production 	Enlist the names of tools/software used to create a media production content	01 Periods(T) 02 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multim edia,compute r system/lapto p	Lab
Brainstorming Techniques	 Understand to find inspiration Define your focus Know about tags Know how to change your thinking perspective 	Discuss and research latest social media trends for media production	01 Periods(T) 02 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multim edia,compute r system/lapto	Lab
Social Media Platforms	Know the list of platforms used to publish content Facebook Instagram Twitter LinkedIn Snap chat Pinterest YouTube Understand business page setup Know about page promotion	Prepare a presentation on social media platforms Post a designed intro video content of your school on Facebook, Instagram, Twitter and LinkedIn as per dimensions of social media platforms.	01 Periods(T) 02 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multim edia,compute r system/lapto p	Lab
Types of Social Media Content	 Understands different content for social media like Graphics Photography Gifs Videos 	Group class presentation on types of media contents for different platforms	01 Periods(T) 02 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multim edia,compute r system/lapto p	Lab

	Blogs & Vlogs etc.				
		Chapter 05			
	T 14	Blender 0, P= 16, Total = 30			
		<u> </u>			
Content	Students Learning Outcome	Activities/Practical	Duration	Tools	Workplace
Introduction to 3D Modeling and rigging	 The students will be able to: Define 3D modeling Define rigging Describe Scope of 3D modeling. Learn about use of 3D modeling tools (blender, maya, 3D studio max etc.) 	Group discussion and presentation on 3D modeling concept	01 Periods(T) 03 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multim edia,compute r system/lapto p	Lab
Basic concept of blender	 Define blender Understand use of blender and interface Understand camera setup Learn properties of transformation(translate,rotate, scale,mirror, edit, duplicate, delete) 	Presentation on blender properties	02 Periods(T) 03 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multim edia,compute r system/lapto p	Lab
Blender practices	Learn about node, mesh and vertices Learn about pivot point adjustment Understand about shapes (cube, rectangle, circle, cone editing etc.) Understand about materials and UV mapping Comprehend lightning concept Understand about physics Learn about animation insertion Learn about key frames Understand 3D view,timeliner,graphic editor, job sheet	Make an animation of bouncing ball by utilizing required tools of blender Design a virtual tour of institute building	02 Periods(T) 05 Periods(P)	Stationary items,multim edia,compute r system/lapto p	Lab
		Chapter 06			
	T=1	Soft skills 0, P =12, Total =22			
Introduction to soft skills	The Students will be able to:	Group discussion and model presentation on soft skills	01 Periods (T) 03 Periods (P)	Multimedia , projector or LED TV with good sound system	Classroom
Personal and professional grooming	learn the personal and professional aspects of life. understand the importance of self-image. develop self-confidence	Perform role play to enhance self-awareness, self-confidence and self-image Demonstrate a pictorial presentation on personal and professional grooming.	01 Periods (T) 02 Periods (P)	Multimedia , projector or LED TV with good sound system	Classroom

Communicatio n Skills	 know model of communication. realize importance of active listening and responding. understand effective communication. identify obstacles in communication. 		Perform role play and group exercises through listening audio or video documentaries. Carry out practice amongst students to reflect verbal and non-verbal communication.	01 Periods (T) 03 Period (P)	Multimedia , projector or LED TV with good sound system	Classroom
Leadership and teamwork	know the importance of teamwork in a profession environment. understand the concept of tear and leadership.		Give students some task to observe teamwork and leadership properties among them	01 Periods (T) 03 Period (p)	Multimedia , projector or LED TV with good sound system	Classroom
Time Management	know the concept of better time management. observe time management in daily life understand professional and personal time management.		 Arrange a small competition task following time management Schedule the tasks. 	01 Periods (T) 03 Period (p)	Multimedia , projector or LED TV with good sound system	Classroom/ Lab
Attitude, behavior, and customer care	learn the concepts of attitude and behavior understand the impact of positive and negative attitude in professional life		Through different scenarios practically apply the principles of customer care and positive attitude. Exercise and deal with problematic and angry persons by conducting role plays	02 Periods (T) 03 Periods (P)	Multimedia , projector, or LED TV with good sound system	Classroom/ Lab
			Chapter 07			
			ntrepreneurship			
Content	Students' Learning Outcome		0, P =14, Total =24 ities/Practical	Duration	Tools	Workplace
Introduction to Entrepreneursh ip	The students will be able to: define entrepreneurship know the key concepts of entrepreneurship understand main component of entrepreneurship learn types of entrepreneurship	Group discussion on entrepreneurship		01 Periods (T) 02 Periods (P)	Multimedia Presentatio n and virtual exposure	Classroom
Feasibility and Business Plan	 know how to identify business opportunity. know how to develop feasibility and business Plan. prepare a business plan. 	Design a business plan keeping in view skills of cosmetology		02 Periods (T) 03 Periods (P)		Classroom

Marketing and	 learn about concept of 	•	Develop a marketing	02 Periods	Multimedia	Classroom
Marketing Mix	marketing and marketing mix		strategy for your business model developed in	(T) 03 Periods	and White Board	
	 understand 6 P's of marketing 		previous activity	(P)		
	 calculate costing and pricing 					

Assessment and Evaluation

The technical subject curriculum for matric tech emphasizes on a classroom environment in which students will be encouraged to learn technical processes and knowledge of graphic designing within meaningful contexts. It is important that assessment strategies reflect this emphasis and are consistent in approach. An assessment program, which provides regular feedback, and is part of the learning process, is important to both student and teacher. Feedback tells students if they demonstrate understanding of concepts and if their actions display expected performance levels for inquiry, decision making, and problem solving. Regular feedback inspires confidence in learning graphic designing and becoming technically literate.

Therefore the assessment of students' learning must be aligned with curriculum outcomes. The curriculum provides suggestions for developing student learning across the general curriculum outcome areas: knowledge, skill and attitude. These outcomes describe a balance of inquiry problem solving, and decision making, within a suggested social-environmental context, for a given set of technical knowledge.

Incorporating assessment into the learning process

Assessment of students' learning must be part of every teaching and learning experience. Students should learn to evaluate their own learning. Traditional student testing programs, which rely on final, one-time evaluations, provide data that is of limited use to students as they construct knowledge. Meaningful assessment, like meaningful learning, must be authentic and connected to real-life problems.

A constructivist approach to learning and teaching has profound implications for the way learning is measured. Traditional classroom practice relies heavily on paper-and-pencil tests to measure students' learning and ability to apply knowledge. Learning is a processor connecting prior understanding with new learning. Consequently, an assessment strategy that measures the acquisition of facts and elements cannot serve a constructivist model.

To allow students to construct learning in the classroom through authentic experiences, assessment must be:

- Valid, leading to attainment of multi-dimensional technical learning
- Open-ended, allowing for discussion and revision of new understanding
- Tolerant of divergent thinking and promote the notion of no "one right answer"
- Presented in alternative modes, not just paper-and-pencil responses to limiting questions
- Designed to promote analysis, comparison, generalization, prediction, and modification
- Capable of promoting collaboration and team effort in demonstration of competence; and ongoing and cumulative, showing development over time.

Types of assessment

Assessment serves many important purposes. Some of them are given below:

- Diagnostic (to plan instruction to fit the student's prior knowledge)
- Formative (to improve performance and adapt instruction)
- Summative (to report on final performance)

Classroom assessment

The primary purpose of classroom assessment is not only to evaluate and classify students' performance but also to inform of teaching methods and learning environment, and to monitor student progress in achieving year-end learning outcomes. Therefore, classroom assessment is used for various purposes:

- · Assessment as Learning
- Assessment for Learning
- Assessment of Learning

Traditionally, the focus of classroom assessment has been on assessment of learning (summative assessment). Assessment for learning has been used only for diagnostic processes and for feedback. In order to enhance learning of all students, the role of assessment as learning must provide an opportunity to students whereby they become critical and analysts of their own learning.

Assessment strategies

Teachers learn about students' progress not only through formal tests, examinations, and projects, but also through moment-by-moment observation of students. To assess students' knowledge, skills, competencies and attitudes, teachers require a variety of tools and approaches, such as:

- Selected Response: Multiple-choice, matching, completion tests, etc.
- **Self-constructed Response Questions**: Fill-in-the-blank phrase(s), essay (restricted and extended response), reports, procedures, explanations, short answer sentence(s), paragraph(s), label diagram, and graph/table, etc.
- **Performance and Activity Based Assessment:** Portfolios, presentation, illustrations, lab, workshops, workstations, field visits, demonstration, process skills, enactment, project, group discussion, exhibition, table, graph, portfolios, etc.
 - Note: Rubrics for all assessment tools must be prepared before administration.
- Communication, Attitudes and Values Assessment: Oral questioning, observation, interview, conference, process description, checklists, rating scales, anecdotal records etc.

Students' self-assessment

Students recognize the relationship between content achievement, skill proficiency, and assessment opportunities by setting their sights on their own demonstration. They can do self-assessment if they are provided with the knowledge-related checklists as well as checklists specific to applications and attitudes. Students assume the role of a researcher and use critical thinking skills as they find facts and make inferences to reach more conclusions about their learning. They are not receiving information passively and then simply giving it back to the teacher after memorizing it. Assessment should allow students to monitor their progress in various technical skills: initiating and planning; performing and recording; analyzing and interpreting; communication and teamwork. The curriculum calls for students to be actively involved in their learning, using the tools of dress making during classroom, laboratory, and workshop activities.

Quality in assessment

Assessment of professional and vocational learning must change as technical instruction moves from a focus on facts to a focus on in-depth understanding of major concepts and processes. Whereas the Quality Assessment will have the following major objectives:

- Measurement of what students should know and are able to do according to the Learning Outcomes
- Objective verification of the application of technical principles to familiar and unfamiliar situations; and
- Alignment with the Learning Outcomes and the Teaching/Learning Strategies.

Therefore, assessment and evaluation of the students' learning of technical aspects according to predetermined objectives and learning outcomes will ensure the quality of their academic achievements.

CONSTRUCTION OF TEST ITEMS

Written test items (selected response and creative response) should adhere to the following criteria:

- Items should be clearly written according to domain and depth of concept.
- Each test items should be written on the understanding level of learners.
- Test items should cover what learners have had opportunities to learn.

Too frequently, these test items measure students' gains in recall of factual information. There are other relevant facts for students to acquire. These are higher levels of thinking and competency that students should also develop.

These test items should measure students' achievement in:

- Understanding basic technical education concepts of graphic designing and acquired learning;
- Evaluating contents in terms of criteria or learning outcomes
- Problem-solving skills
- Analytical and creative thinking
- Positive attitudes developed toward methods of thinking
- Ability to work together with others
- Relevant concepts and generalizations developed
- Ability to manipulate and utilize techniques and technical equipment
- Understanding the concepts of design development
- Developing the software commands

Guidelines for Writing a Textbook

A textbook is an important teaching and learning resource and one of the most extensively used resources in classrooms. To reflect national needs and aspirations the needs and aspirations, the textbooks should be written in accordance with this curriculum. This curriculum meets not only the general aims and objectives but also fulfills the specific requirements of the individual subject. As the textbook serves as a framework for teaching, the author/authors should consider the following features:

- A textbook must include an introduction to the textbook, explaining how to use the textbook
- The textbook must be in line with the national curriculum, covering all SLOs of each content.
- Content and illustrations must be culturally, contextually and age appropriate.
- All text and material must be accurate, up-to-date and error-free.
- The continuity of the concepts, their integration and logical development should be ensured.
- Horizontal and vertical overlapping of the concepts should be avoided.
- The textbook should be informative and interactive with questions to be put at suitable intervals to provoke the students to think.
- The language used should be simple, clear, straight forward, unambiguous and easily comprehensible by the students of the particular level.
- Simple questions may be asked within the chapter, which requires students to recall, think, and apply what they have just learnt as well as to reinforce the learning of the concepts and principle.
- The examples and applications should be from everyday life and be supportive of our cultural values.

- Photographs and illustrations should be clear, labeled and supportive of the text. Tables, flow charts and graph may be given wherever needed.
- Key points at the end of each chapter should provide a summary of the important concepts and principles discussed in the chapter.
- End-of-the-chapter exercises must include a variety of assessment styles based on levels of Bloom's Taxonomy. These should encourage students to think, develop skills, and use information for a variety of purposes.
- Textbooks should be free from all kinds of biases including, gender, religion, occupation, social background etc.
- To make the students self-learner use of IT based resources may be encouraged. Relevant internet links and other online resources may be included.
- Glossary of the new vocabulary must be included.

Guideline for planning and writing a chapter

The textbook author may decide the titles of each chapter and can choose to cover students' learning outcomes (SLOs) from any themes in developing the content of the chapter. The textbook author must also keep in mind that a number of SLOs cannot be addressed in the text (as if this is done it would lead students to simply memorize the text and not serve the realization of the curriculum). These SLOs could be realized through questions and practical activities within and at the end of the chapter exercises.

- Learning outcomes must be given at beginning of each chapter.
- Decide on key ideas, facts, concepts, skills and values that can be developed.
- Illustrations must clearly convey the desired concept.
- Activities must demand from students to do inquiry and problem solving according to grade level.
- Ensure that the content is up to date, accurate and developmentally appropriate.
- Contents must be in line with chapter outcomes.
- Language must be consistent, culturally appropriate and grammatically correct (as if talking to a group).
- Language must engage and hold reader's attention.
- Recall previous learning, where possible.
- Structure the writing so that the sentence is simple, paragraphs deal with single ideas etc.
- Interesting information in the form of tidbits, fact file, point to ponder etc. must be given.
- Write a summary/concept map at end of each chapter, reviewing key knowledge and skills.
- End-of-chapter exercises
- Recall and integrate previous learning
- Engage students and develop their creativity
- Move from lower to higher order thinking
- Focus on multiple intelligences
- Keep the text contextually relevant in line with local teaching and learning.
- Provide website links for further research

Guidelines for Writing Learner Workbook

Workbooks are books that contain writing activities and exercises that build upon each chapter in the textbook. Workbook exercises help students to develop conceptual understanding of the concepts dealt with in the text, to develop skills and to apply knowledge to new situations. Basic features of a workbook A workbook should have:

- Various exercises and activities for each chapter, topic, subtopic.
- Exercises and activities that will enable student to develop and practice the content knowledge, skills and higher order thinking.
- Accurate and variety of exercises.
- Clear illustrations/ examples/ explanations to show what students are supposed to do, and/or what product looks like.
- Exercises and activities with a variety of purposeful, stimulating, challenging and innovative items to encourage students to review and practice the knowledge and skills they have learnt.
- Exercises that include both constructed and restricted response items.
- Activities, which requires readily available, acceptable, and affordable materials and resources.

Basic Requirements for Lab (Tools/Equipment)

S. No.	Items	
1.	Computer System	
2.	Internet Connection	
3.	Web Browser	
4.	Search Engines	
5.	Internet or Intranet Connectivity	
6.	UPS	
7.	Operating System (Windows,Linux)	

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